passing interest to the American people. If is worth recalling that when the Federal Union was formed we held 1909,756 square miles of territory and in less than one hundred years we have grown to 3.845.015 square miles.

The first acquisition in 1803, known as the Louisiana Furchase, onbraced the 1833,072 square miles exclusive of the area west of the Rocky Mountains. Its vastness and value will be best understood when I say that it comprises the entire States of Arkanesa, Missouti, Iowa, Nobraska, North and South Dakota, and parts of the States of Minnesota, Ransas, Colorado, Montana, Washington, Louisiana, allot the Indian Territory and part of Oklahoma Territory. It would seem almost meredible to the present generation that this rich addition to the Federal domain should have been opposed, and yet it was resisted in every form and by every kind of assault. The ceded territory was characterized as a malarial swamp, 'its prairies destitute of trees or vegetation. It was commonly charged that we had been cheated by giving \$15,009,000 for a territory so worthless and pestilential that it could never be lababited or put to use, and it was also gravely asserted that the purchase would lead to compleations and war with foreign powers. In the battle in the Senate over the treaty a distinguished Senator from Connecticut said: The vast and unmanageable extent which the accession of Louisiana will give the United States, the consequent dispersion of our Union.

"A distinguished Senator from Delaware eater States threatens at no very distant day the subversion of our population and the destruction of that balance which is so important to maintain between the Eastern and Western States threatens at no very distant day the subversion of our Union.

"A distinguished Senator from Delaware eater States threatens at no very distant day the subversion of our population and the destruction, I tolice it will be the greatest curse that could at present helali us. It may be protuctive of innumerate swill become allegance, when he first appeared here: Jefferson was made the subject of satirical vorse;

See him commence, are, and spiculate, And buy up the realms of nature, Towns, cities, Indians, Spaniards, prairie.

Towns, cines, Indians, Spaniards, prairie.

The opponents, however, were in the minority and the Star of the 1 ep ablie did not set, and the mighty West was orought under the flag of justice, freedom and opportunity.

In 1819, we added 69,749 square miles, which now comprises Florida and parts of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. In 1945 we received the ceasion of Texas. It contained 375,531 square miles and embraced the State of Texas and parts of Okiahoma, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming and New Mexico. The next ceasion was under the treaty of 1848, containing 522,568 square miles, embracing the States of California, Nevada, Utah and parts of Colorado and Wyoming, and of the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico.

the stand of the distance of the power celebrate was an extensive to the power of the standard of the Territories of Arizona and Tin 1805, we acquired by the Galaden part of the property of the standard of the Territories of Arizona and Tin 1805, we acquired by the Galaden part of the standard of the Territories of Arizona and Tin 1805, we acquired by the Galaden part of the standard of the Territories of Arizona and Tin 1805, and the standard of the Galaden part of the standard part of the money with not a rentification of the standard of the Galaden part of the scandard part of the money with not a rentification of the standard of the Galaden part of the scandard part of the money with not a rentification of the scandard part of the scandard part of the money with not a rentification of the scandard part of the scanda

over its burchase, and with phenomenal wealth yet undeveloped, is our sin spite of the opposition.

The the last year we have added to the territory of the United States, the Hawaiian Islands, one of the gems of the Pacific Ocean, containing 6,730 square miles; Guam, containing 1,730 square miles; Guam, containing 6,730 square miles; Guam, containing 6,730 square miles, and the Philippine Archipelago, embracing approximately 143.-600 square miles. This latest acquisition is about one-sixth the size of the original thirden States. It is larger than the combined area of New Jersey. Pelaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and the District of Columbia. It exceeds in area all of the New England States. It is almost as large as Washington and Oregon combined and greater than Onio, Indiana and Hilmois united; three times larger than New York and three and one-half times larger than the State of Ohio.

The treaty of bence with Spain, which cave us the Philippines, Porto Rico and Guam, met with seme opposition in the Senate, but was ratified by that body by more than a two-thirds vote, while in the House an appropriation of \$20,000,000 was made with little or no opposition. As in the case of the Louisiana purchase, the opponents of the treaty were in the minority and the star of hope to an opposition. As in the case of the Louisiana purchase, the opponents of the treaty were in the minority and the star of hope to an opposition. The proposition of the treaty were in the minority and the star of hope to an opposition. The proposition is not permit myself to doubt. The future of these new possessions is in the keeping of Congress, and Congress will provide for them a government which will pring them blessings, which will promote their material interests, as well as advance their m

on in life, liberty and the pursuit of Following the Fresident's address Attorney-General Griggs and Secretary Long spoke briefly. You are not walking hospitals, you look like trained athletes." He went on to compare the care taken of troops to that of fifty years ago. As a bit of prophecy he predicted that the time would come when the clitzens of Luzon would feel a thrill of gratitude whenever they saw an American soldier, and the sentiment was cheered to the echo. Secretary Long spoke felicitously. When he referred to the great victories of Dewey at Manila and Sampson off the Cuban shore, several persons shouted: "Sehiey! Schley!"

"Well," said the Secretary, "there is glory enough for them all."

After the speaking the Thirteenth Regiment was entertained at dinner in the Exposition building and the Presidential party hastened to St. Paul.

outling and the Presidential party hastened to St. Paul.

GREAT MEETING IN ST. PAUL.

St. Paul. Oct. 12.—Many thousands of persons tried to attend the reception to President Mckiniey and his party at the Auditorium tonight. Ten thousand succeeded in gaining admission, crowding the building. The remainder returned home disappointed but resigned. The President arrived at 8:30 P. M. and was greeted by a reception such as hus seldom, if ever, been accorded to a public man in this city. Ex-Attorney-General Mosas Chapp, acting as chairman, introduced the President, who said:

"I have discovered in the twelve or fifteen burst have been in Minneapolis and St. Paul the secret of the success of these two great cities. They work themselves and they work everybody else. [Laughter and applause.] I have been more than gratified in meeting the people of the State of Minnesota. It is a peculiar pleasure to meet with my friends and follow citizens of the great city of St. Paul. I have been gratified with the splendid demonstration of patriorism I have seen on every hand as I have journeyed throughout the East and the West into your state.

"I never look into the faces of a great Americans and a price of the content of the great and the work of the content of the great and the west into your state.

"I never look into the faces of a great Americans and the content of the great and the west into your state. of Minnesota. It is a peculiar pleasure to meet with my friends and follow citizens of the great city of St. Paul. I have been gratisfied with the splendid demonstration of patriotism in have seen on every hand as I have journeyed throughout the East and the West into your state.

I never look into the faces of a great Americal content of the president.

are overworked themselves, but I have no doubt they will all be glad to greet you and be greeted by you."

Long prolonged appliance followed the address. Secretary Gage was next introduced, and he discussed the beneficient character of the Government, outlining at length its comprehensive work and institutions.

Attorney-General Griggs was the next speaker. He closed his speech by saying that the acquirement of the Philippines would prove not only of inestimable benefit to this country, but would promote the intelligence, education, progress and liberty of the natives of the Philippines.

Secretary Long, in his brief address, referred to the meeting of the Blue and Gray at Evansville, Ind., yesterday, and asserted that the time would come when the Filippines would realize as fully the blessings of dwelling under the starry flag as slid the people of the South. Secretaries Hitchcock and Wilson also spoke briefly.

After the reception the President and his party were taken to the home of President James J. Hill of the Great Northern Railroad where luncheon was served. At 11:30 the President's train left this city for Duluth.

Postmaster-General Smith Says the West Is Supporting McKinley.

Hannishung, Pa., Oct. 12.-Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith passed through the city to-day on his return to Washington from city to-day on his return to washington from the cornerstone haying at Chicago's new Government Building. He stated that, from his observation while on the trip with Fresident McKinley and party, the people of the West are thoroughly united in their cordial support of the Fresident's policy with respect to the islands of the sea coming to us as a result of the late war with Spain. And the peoples' endorsement of the Administration's policy will be seen in the coming elections," he continued.

BOSTON COMMON "INVADED,"

Giving Grand-Stand Permits to New Yorkers. Boston, Oct. 12.-The observation stands New York speculators for the Dewey celebration, with permits granted by Mayor Quincy, was the subject of warm dis-

island is less per capita than in the State of Massachusetts. The Church has acquired much property. The recent publication of the statement that I was to be appointed trustee of this Government's sequired interests in the Church proper y in the Philippines is nonsense. The Queen and Government of Spain had no share whatever in the Church property in the Philippines and therefore could not and did not cede to this country are title or right to the property, which is exclusively the property of the Church acquired by 300 years of residence and possession. erty of the Church acquired by 300 years of residence and possession."

Archbishop Chapelle said that he had discussed the Phillimenes situation recently while in Washington with President McKinley, and his views and those of the President were in hermony. Regarding a distement that the conference of American Archbishops and Bishops would give their attention to excless astial matters in the Antilles, the Archbishops and:

"Thay have nothing to do with such matters, which are entirely in my province, not theirs."

HOSTILE TO EXPANSION Democrate in Boston's Common Council Side with Anti-Imperialism Advocates. BOSTON, Oct. 12.-The Common Council expressed its disapproval to-night of ex-Mayor Matthews's Fourth of July oration in favor of expansion by the adoption of a set of resolutions. The preamble charges that the ex-Mayor "gave expression to opinions favorable to keeping unwilling races in subjection" and that "such utterances have given the entire country the impression

the entire country the impression that his words are the real sentiments of the City Government of Boston" the resolutions express disapproval of such sentiments as not expressive of the views of the people of Boston and go on to say:

"We also disapprove of the tendency of the times to abandon the fundamental principles of this republic as wisely put forth by Washington, Jefferson, Monroe and Lincoln and we believe that a Colonial policy is dangerous to the welfare of the Republic because it gains military and naval rule against the right of the citizens to govern. We also disapprove of the policy outlined by Mr. Matthews which would make this republic an empire where classes would rule, where the sacredness of the listiot would be violated and where the rights of American citizensing would be invaded, simply to gratify the greed of American and foreign capitalists who seek to make the masses subject to the classes."

The resolutions were adopted by the narrow margin of 34 to 27, all the Republicans present and one Democrat voting against. and one Democrat voting against.

G'BEIRNE AFTER M'KINLEY. President Will Not Receive the Transvanl's

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 12 .- Minneapolis is entersaining to-day three men who represent the Transvaal Republic and who came here in hothaste to secure an audience with the President sencerning the crisis now on in South Africa. The party is made up of Gen. James R. O'Beirne of New York, J. M. Van der Hoogt of Baltimore and J. E. Robbins of New York. It is understood that Mr. O'Beirns endeavored to see the President in Chicago but falled.

He was asked by President Krüger several days ago to act as a Commissioner from the Transval to the United States, but the Washington authorities could not receive him, he being an American citizen. Mr. Van der Hoogt was asked to serve in a similar capacity, but was rejected for a similar reason. Whether Mr. Bobbins stands in the same situation, is not known.

can audience that I do not feel that the free institutions of the United States are safe and forever safe in their hands, (applicate). The patriotism of the American people takes the place of a large standing army. We don't need them in the United States are safe and forest them in the United States applicated them in the United States applicated them in the United States applicated the parts of peace when the emergency has passed larghause. The parts of peace when the emergency has passed larghause. I was glad they didn't want to come home until the Government of the United Stated was ready to dispense with their services llong continued applause. I was glad that no mater who advised otherwise, they didn't propose to beat retreat, lapplause and to-day every man, woman and child in the State is glad they stayed. The American solves on their success in getting up the ticket and all agreed that there was no for their homeward voyage, disembarked again when our interests were threatened in Cabu. They joined their comrades and shed their blood until the flag was safe from attack. We don't need standing armies, I say, because we have the purpose in our hearts of do, and die, if necessary.

"I am glad you are having prosperity out here. Applause! You all look as if you liked it. I hose it has come to stay. I have with me to-night a number of Cabinet officers who are overworked themselves, but I have no doubt they will all be glad to greet you and be greeted by you."

Long prolonged applause followed the address. Secretary (near was peat introduced, there is not contained and diderman.

While the fusion ticket in a Bryanite Single Taxer—Leadess Say They've Done all They Could Toward need their locket that was nominated at the fusion ticket that was nominated at the fusion ticket that was nominated at the fusion ticket that selected the heart of the fusion ticket that no the fusion ticket that selected the where their ticket and all agreed that there was no question that the City Club would be satisfied and that the Ci and Alderman. While the fusion ticket is satisfactory to the

people who always demand fusion, one or two of the names on it caused more leas of a shock to the old - line Republicans who looked up records and who discovered in the record of Mr. Seabury, particularly, things that they didn't like. They learned that Mr. Scabury was a single taxer of the single taxers, and a Bryanite original Bryanites. He approved of every line of the Chicago platform. They learned also that he had spent a great deal of his time since the nomination of Mr. Bryan in writing pieces for a paper called The Bryan Democrat, published in this city, which has fits over "pluto-cracy." These pieces, the old-line Republicans said, were reihot arguments in favor of everything that Republicanism repudiates. They also learned that Mr. Seabury was one of the most prominent of the Dollar-Dinner Democrats, that 16 to 1 and no government by injunction were articles of his creed, and some of them recalled that at a meeting held in Cooper Union before the duced by James R. Brown, known as Orator Brown, as "a lawyer not afraid of the judges or of the court." These Republicans didn't the nomination on a Republican ticket for a Judgeshin. They said that he was an anti-Republican, anti-gold, anti-expansionist. The Republican leafers, however, when these Republicans talked to them, said that the licket on the whole was a goed one and that, anyway, from first to last the Republicans had done everything they could to bring about a complete and effective anti-Tammany combination, and that now that the ticket was named the only thing to do was to jump in and work for it with just as much enthusiasm as if it were a Simon-pure Republican ticket from top to bottom.

The Republican campagn will be opened a week from last night at Durland's Ridding Academy, when Gov. Rossovelt is going to come to town and make a speech.

A committee was appointed by the Republican County Convention to draft an address will contain a promise that in the event of Republican success in the State Legislature a Charter Revision Commission, to be appointed by Gov. Rossavelt, will investigate and present certain amendments to the charter that experience has shown are necessary for the before government of the city, and that they will be promptly adopted by the legislature.

It is understood that there will be a conference of Republicans within a few days, at which this whole matter will be gone over. anti-Republican, anti-gold, anti-expansionist.

tion of James Johnston's name, but the motion was carried by acclaimation.

Resolutions praising Gov. Roosevelt's and President McKimtey's administrations were carried unanimously. The convention then adjourned, having consumed exactly ten minutes.

To-night George W. Aldridge's leadership in Monroe county is unquestioned. The slate presented by the convention was prepared by him personally and his warmest friends were the ones who put it through. It will unify all elements of the party and will undoubtedly have the good government endorsement which was in danger of being given to the Democratic candidate.

REPUBLICANS GET TOGETHER.

Opposing Leaders in Montgomery County Unite on a County Ticket. FONDA N. Y., Oct. 12.-The Republicans of Montgomery county this afternoon made the following nominations: Member of Assembly.

Alphonso Walrath of Fort Plain; School Commissioner, A. D. Sheffield of Nelliston; Coroner, Dr. A. de Baun of Fonda. Resolutions were adopted with much enthusiasm endorsing the administrations of President McKinley and Gov. Roosevelt. Leonard F. Fish, of Fultonville was redicted chairman of the County Committee. The convention was noted for the harmony displayed.

For several years a number of the active leaders in Republican politics in the county including former Assemblyman E. Watson Gardiner of Amsterdam, have not worked harmoniously together. To-day Mr. Gardiner, who hended the delegation from his ward, was made a member of the county organization and he took an active part in the proceedings of the convention. He and former Chairman George Warren, both of the County Coumittee, were named by the Chairman to present one of the nominees, and as the two hereiofore opposing leaders walked up the aisle together they were applianced to the echo. Factionalism has been cast aside and the county was never in a better condition to fight the common enemy than now. Mr. Gardiner is a candidate for State Senator to succeed Hobart in the Twenty-seventh district. adopted with much enthusiasm endorsing the

These are the results of the postponed Assembly and Aldermanio conventions held last

REPUBLICAN. Dist. Atsembly.

1 T. P. Browne (Lab.). Joseph Kronzoker.

11 Thomas A. Hauson.

13 Frank Schmitt (Jab.). James A. McCord.

14 Adjourned to Oct. 13. Adjourned to Oct. 13. TAMMANY.

Dist. Assembly. Aldermanic. 21 Dr. E. Styles Potter. 84 William G. Scanlon. "Laurence McGrath Thomas Ewing, Jr., Democratic Candidate

for Mayor of Yonkers. YONKERS, N. Y., Oct. 12.-Thom: S Ewing, r., a son of the late Gen. Thomas Lwing and a nephew of Gen. Sherman, swept the city tonight at the Democratic primaries for the nomination for Mayor. He was opposed by Health Commissioner George H. Lowerre, who made a vigorous eampaign but who was beaten by 30 to 1.

Thomas F. Curran defeated Frank X. Donoghue for the City Judge nomination.

Salem County Nominations. SALEM, N. J., Oct. 12,-The Salem County Demogratic Convention to-day nominated James Stimple for Scuator, Charles E. Atkin-son for Assemblyman, Charles S. Lawson for County Clerk, Robert R. Van Neman for Sheriff. U. S. Grant Republicans Ratify Joint Ticket.

At a meeting last night of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of the Sixth Assembly district the joint ticket nominated by the Republican County Convention was ratified.

TAKES PRESIDENT ELIOT TO TASK.

Miss Thomas, President of Bryn Mawr, Criticises Sharply His Utterances at Wellesley. BRYN MAWR, Pa., Oct. 11.—The deferred spening speech of President Thomas of Bryn Mawr Coilege has been given out. It comments sharply on some statements made at the inauguration of Miss Hazard, the new President of Wellesley, by President Eliot of Harvard.

President Eliot said that women's colleges should try to do what in America men's colleges have falled to accomplish-to become schools of manners. This Miss Thomas heartily concurred in and asserted that that was one

of the aims of Bryn Mawr. She added:
"Bryn Mawr College is the only college in the world where a student has never been disci-plined for offences of conduct apart from the

strictly academic offences of unfairness in examinations." In speaking of the toasts at Wellesley, Miss Thomas said:

"President Eliot also said: You see that there were many doctrinaire utterances about women, for when do men, gathered together on the platform of a weman's college, resist the attempt to shove this way or that,

the attempt to shove this way or that usually out of its path, the resisties force they see before them, which we call the higher education of women?—President Eliot said that the president and faculty of a women a college had no guide from the past, that the great traditions of learning existing from the time of the Egyptians to the present, existed only for men and that this was body of inherited tradition was of no service in women a education; that women's colleges simply imitated men when they used the same education; that women's colleges simply imitated men when they used the same education and that furthermore it would indeed be strange if women's intellects were not at least as unlike men's as their bodies.

This is the old argument of the rural deans over again who came up from all the country villages of England to vote against Oxford and Cambridge giving women the same work, and would not be worthy of a serious reply had it not been thrown deliberately by the president of one of the greatest of American universities as a gauntiet in the face of an immense audience, most of whom were directiv interested in the education of women attidents. It only shows that, as progressive as one may be in education or other things, there may be in his mind some dark ance of medievalism, and elearly in President Eliot's otherwise luminous intelligence women's education is this dark spot, Hypmight as well have told the president spot, Hypmight as well have told the president elearly in President Eliot's otherwise luminous intelligence women's education is this dark spot. Hy might as well have told the president of Wellesley to invent a new Christian religion for Wellesley, or new symphonies and operas, a new Beethoven and Wagner, new statues and pictures, a new Phidias and a new Titian, new tennis, new golf, a new way to swim, skate and run, new food, new drink. It would be easier to do all this than to create for women a new science of geometry, new Grock tragedies, new chemistry, new philosophies; in short, a new intellectual heavens and earth.

After thus answering President Eliot, President Thumas quoted Dr. Taylor of Vassar and Prof. Palmer of Harvard, who do not agree with President Eliot in finding any essential difference between the masculine and the femiline mind.

I. I. P. RATIFIES JOINT TICKET. All the Candidates but One Accepted-

Barrett Likely to be Taken on Later. The Independent Labor party held a ratification meeting for its county ticket last evening in Cooper Union. Previous to the opening of this meeting the Committee on Vacancies, which had been instructed by the Executive Committee to fill the vacancies on the slate with the names of the candidates on the fusion ticket nominated on Wednesday night by the Republican county convention met in an ante-

Early in the day letters had been re from Charles W. Dayton and George C. Holt Court Justiceships. Mr. Holt advised the committee to nominate George C. Barrett and Joseph F. Daly, the candidates on the fusion licket. The others who declined were Bolton Hall and Victor J. Dowling, candidates respectively for Surrogate and Judge of the Court of General Bessions.

It was nearly 6 o'clock when the ratification meeting was called to order. About 1,500 persons were in the hall. The ticket submitted for ratification was the same as the joint ticket nominated by the Republican County Convention with one exception. The name of John S. Crosby for Justice of the Supreme Court was left on in place of that of George P. Barrett. It was slated privately that should Mr. Crosby decline, as is likely, Justice Barrett, the fusion candidate, will get the nomination in his place. The ticket as submitted was ratified

Previous to the presentation of the ticket frevious to the presentation of the ticket speeches were made by William J. O'Brien, candidate for Sheriff: Samuel Seabury, candidate for one of the City Court Justiceships; Timothy N. Daly and James R. Brown, chairman of the Chicago Pintform Democratic party in New York. All the speakers denounced the present city government, Richard Croker and Tammany methods generally. O'Brien said that people called the fusion ticket a deal, but the committee was astisfied with it, whereat there was satisfied with it, whereat there was great applause.

Nominated for School Commissioner. PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 12.-The Demorats of the Second school district of Westchester county, at a convention held here to-day, nominated DeWitt Lyon of Port Chester for School Commissioner. He will run sgainst Walter Alierton of Mount Vernon, who has been renominated by the Republicans.

Miss Hicks for School Commissioner. MINEOLA, L. I., Oct. 12.-Miss Addie Hicks of Ovater Bay was unanimously nominated for School Commissioner for the County of Nassau by the Democratic Convention held in this place yesterday. Her only opponent was James W. Jacobus, who withdrew after the first ballot. Hiss Hick has had more than thirty years' experience in teaching school.

Nominated for the Assembly In Westchester county, First district, last nominated for the Assembly by the Republicans. He is also a candidate for School Commissioner.

The pursuit of pleasure is often daugerous to life as the pur-suit of "the bubble reputation even at the cannon's mouth." Late hours, the breathing of a vitiated atmosphere, rich foods, and irregular rest, must result in a depleted vitality. There is a feeling languor, the appetite fails, sleep does not refresh, life loses its interest, and nervousness or hysteria may make life

The preservation of the healthful tone of the body depends chiefly on keeping the blood pure, and the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition in a condition of health. When any of the above mentioned symptoms appear the timely use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will restore the body to a healthy equipose. It purifies the blood nourishes The preservation of the healthful tone It purifies the blood, nourish the nerves, and restores the deranged stomach and its allied organs to a condition of sound health. There is no alcohol, whisky or other

stimulant contained in "Golden Medical Discovery."

ical Discovery."

"I was troubled with very frequent headaches often accompanied by severe vomiting." writes Miss Mary Bell Summerton, of San Diego, Duval Co. Texas. "Howels were irregular and my stomach and liver seemed continually out of order. Often I could eat almost nothing for twenty-four hours at a time. I was entirely unfit for work, and my whole system run down. I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and did so with such satisfactory results that before finishing the third bottle I fet perfectly able to undertake the duties attending public school life. I most heartily advise those suffering with indigestion, and its attendant evila, to give this great medicine a fair trial."

The Pierce's Pleasant Pellets Cleause

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse and regulate the stomach, liver and bowels. They produce permanent benefit and do not re-act on the system. One is a gentle laxative.

We want you to call and hear the GRAM-O-PHONE. Its reproductions will be a revelation to you. As a talking machine it has no equal. The SPALDING-BIDWELL CO., Dealers in Athletic & Sporting Goods, 29-33 W. 42d STREET.

MEETING OF ARCHBISHOPS.

PETITION TO THE POPE IN BEHALF OF THE CHRISTIAN BROTTERS.

Country Should Stand by the Brothers in Teaching the Classics in Schools-To Continue Indian Schools.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.-At the annual meeting of the Catholic Archbishops of the United States, held at the University today, it was unanimously agreed that the hierarchy of this country should stand by the Christian Brothers in their efforts to have Latin and Greek retained in the curricula of their schools in this country. Some time ago the Arch-bishops authorized Bishop Byrne of Nashville the Christian Brothers, and they signed a petieision of Brother Gabrielle-Marie, head of the

To-day the Archbishops made the plea of the deposed Brothers the basis of another appeal to the Pope. They had found nothing, after were that the brothers in this country should be allowed to adapt their schools to the other schools of the country and cout hus to teach Latin and Greek. Archil-shop liordan, being about to lears for lione, was commissioned as the special representative of the American hierarchy to bear the message to the Pope.

It was also resolved to request Brother Gabriele-Marie to restore to their Posts of duty in the United States the brothers deposed from their positions at the heads of colleges. Considerable feeling was expressed on this subject and the Archbishops acted with unanimity. They thought the deposition of the brothers and their assignment to work in foreign lands was a distinct blow to the causa of Catholic education in America and to all Catholic interests in this country. They rejected the proposition that the brothers should be permitted to continue the teaching of the classics for twenty years, and insisted that no restrictions of this kind should apply to them. be allowed to adapt their achools to the other

that no restrictions of this kind should apply to them.

The contest over the teaching of the classies in these schools has been going on for two years, practically ever since the election of Brother Gabrielle-Marie as the General of the order. The brothers in this country are a unit on the subject, and although inroads were made in their ranks by the fecaling to Paris of their most prominent leaders, the rank and file have stood is infinitely and the teaching of the classics still continues.

An appeal was taken to Rome, and being an strongly backed by the Hierarchy, the Brothers hope to be successful and also to have their did leaders restored to them. The Brothers have a large number of excellent colleges, thousands of pupils and teachers and millions of dollars in property. They declare that their schools will be ruined if the decree of their isoneral is enforced, as it will be if the appeal to Rome falls.

o Rome falls.

Another important matter discussed to-day was the advisability of continuing the Catholic adian schools. After hearing both sides the loard agreed to continue the work for another ear, evan if the Church bore the entire burden of the schools.

year, even if the Church bore the entire burden of the schools.

The lope's letter on Americanism was briefly discussed, but no action was taken on it. Archbishop Chappelle, Apostolic leiegato to the Philippines and Cula, being absent, no matters affecting the interests of the Church in those islands were brought before the Archbishops. Several other routine matters were discosed of and the Archbishops adjourned until October, 1190. All the Archbishops were preaent to-day except Archbishops Chappelle. Feehan and Hennessey.

At the conclusion of the meeting the Archbishops ioined a large assembly, composed of prelates, professors and students, and historic to the oration delivered in McMahon Hall by Rishop Spaiding of Peora, Ill., on "The University, the Nursery of the Higher Life." The occasion was the delication of Holy Cross College, a handsome hall erected by the Fathers of the High Cross keing a branch of Notre Dame, Indiana. After the address Cardinal Gibbons bleased the building, and the Archbishops. Bishops and others were entertained at dinner.

essed the building, and the Archbishops, shors and others were entertained at oner. THIS GOVER \ MENT'S ATTITUDE. Official Statement Issued by the Depart-

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.- The Department of State, through Second Assistant Secretary of State Adee, to-day issued the following official statement regarding the attitude of the United States in the Transvani controversy:

States in the Transval controversy:

"The President has received a large number of petitions, signed by many citizens of distinction, requesting him to tender the mediation of the United States to settle the differences existing between the Government of Great Britain and that of the Transval. He has received other petitions on the same subject, some of them directing him to make common cause with Great Britain to redress the wrongs alleged to be suffered by the Outlanders, and especially by American citizens in the Transval, and others wishing him to assist the Boers against alleged aggression. especially by American citizens in the Transvani, and others wishing him to assist the Boers against alleged aggression.

"It is understood that the President does not think it expedient to take action in either of these directions. As to taking side with either party to the dispute, it is not to be thought of. As regards mediation, the President has received no intimation from the countries interested that the mediation of the United States would be acceptable, and in the absence of such intimation from both parties there is nothing in international rules or usages to justify an offer of mediation in the present circumstances. It is known that the President sincerely hopes and desires that hostilities may be avoided: but if unfortunately they should come to pass, the efforts of this Government will be directed—as they are at present—to seeing that neither our national interests nor those of our citizens shall suffer unnecessary injury."

It is made evident by this statement that the Department of State does not consider Gen. O'lielrne's representations as an official request from the South African Republic for this country's interference.

DR. SENNER ON IMMIGRATION.

He Thinks Further Restrictive Legislation WASHINGTON, Oct. 12-A statement on immigration read by Dr. Joseph H. Senner, former

country's interference.

Commissioner of Immigration, occupied the Industrial Commission this morning. The witness hold that immigration is decreasing; that further restrictions would be inadvisable, and that illiteracy and crime are not allied. Buring the last facul year, said Dr. Senner, notwithstanding a general trade and industrial revival in the United States, there was a decine of 10 percent, in the number of immigrants as compared with the preceding year. This decrease is probably due to a revival of commercial activity in Europe as well as America. To control immigration by legislative restriction Dr. Senner thought as impossible as to legislate trade conditions into existence. The immigration most quickly affected are those the country most desires to laye. Industrial Commission this morning. The affected are those the country most desires to have.

In supporting his contention that illiteracy and crime are not necessarily associated, Dr. Senner read a number of statistics indicating that, in particular communities where the percentage of illiteracy was high, the number of crimes and misdemeanors had been small, Character, not education, he said, was the great requisite in immigrants. Dr. Senner's paper ended with a pica for foreign-born citizens, who, he asserted, were a desirable part of the population.

CRICKETER BYERS SLANDERED Gets a Verdict for \$1,000 Damages Against Myles R. Haffenden, Charles Byers, a well-known cricketer, ob-

tained a verdict of \$1,000 for slander before
Justice McAdam of the Supreme Court, yesterday against Myles R. Haffenden, a liquor denior at 45 Broadway. Byers, who was formerly
a member of the Marylebone Cricket Clubo
London, came to the country in 1894. He
played in the New York Uricket Club's team
against the English team of Prince Banjitsh
hji about two weeks ago. He had first jolaed
the New Jersey Cricket Club and he says that
Haffenden began to attack him because he became a member of the New York Cricket Club,
called him a thief, seconded and other names,
and said he had pawned a watch that did not
belong to him. The defendant denied making
the statements. tained a verdict of \$1,000 for slander before

GEN. YOUNG TAKES ABAYAT. The Filipines Driven Out by a Battalion

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. Manila, Oct. 12.-Gen. Young entered Arayat at 0:30 o'clock this morning after half an hour's fighting. Major Bachetor's battalion of the Twenty-fourth (colored) Infantry charged 300 insurgents, who retreated in the direction of Magalanu. The American loss was one man killed. The remainder of Gen. Young's forces, consisting of a battalion of the Twenty-second Regiment and the gunboat Florida, under commend of Lieut. Dalton, were not needed and arrived after the town had been captured. The ground was too soft for work by mounted

men, so the cavalry was held in reserve. WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Gen Otis in the following despatch to the War Department, received to-day, gives further particulars of the advance of the American troops into the country occupied by the insurgents:

ry occupied by the insurgents:

"Schwan's celumn moving on Saban and Dasmarinasto-day, where opposition expected. His artillery and wagon transportation returning to Baccor by way of Rosario. Column 500 men marching from Imus to support Schwan if necessary. Young at north occupied Arryat and supplies being moved up Hio Grande by cascoes to that point. Lawton will command column when full concentration effected. Young's loss to-day one enlisted man, wounded yesterday. Insurgents attacked Angeles line, quickly repulsed; six enlisted men slightly wounded."

Gen. Schwan's column is realized at Dassett D

wounded."

Gen. Schwan's column is resting at Dasmarinas after a latiguing but unmolested march
through submerged ricefields from San Francisco de Malabon. Two hundred and fifty insurgents evacuated Dasmarinas before the
Americans reached the town. The column is
returning to Manila, having accomplished the
work it was sent south to perform.

LORD FARRER DEAD.

His Career as a Student and Exponent of Economic Theories. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Oct. 12 .- Lord Farrer is dead.

Thomas Henry Farrer was born June 24, 1849. He has been especially prominent in discussions of economic questions and has made addresses before the Cobden Club and other organizations in favor of the "open door" policy. He was also a student of the question of bimetallism, which he declared to be undesirable and impracticable as regards India. In 1850 he was Assignat Secretary of the Marine Department of the Board of Trade. He has for a long time been regarded in England as one of the greatest authorities on political economy and all matters relating to trade and commerce. He was the author of a number of books, including "Fair Trade vs. Free Trade" and "Studies in Currency."

FRENCH PRIESTS' PAY CUT OFF.

No Salaries to Be Voted for the Non-Concordat Bishops and Curates.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS. Paris, Oct. 12.- The Budget Commission of he Chamber of Deputies has voted the suppression of the salaries of the non-concordat Bishops, Vicars-General and 7,000 curates. M. Drumont has proposed that the 4,000,000 rancs thus economized be utilized in improving the status of teachers conformably with amendment of M. Rolland already voted by the Chamber.

GERMANS MASSACRED IN AFRICA The Governor of Rio del Rey and 100 Men

ANOTHER TRUCK IN PENEZUELA. Attempt Being Made to Bring Andrade and

Castro Together. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 12.-A number of nfluential men are attempting to bring about a personal meeting between President Andrade and Gen. Castro, the rebel leader, with the object of averting further bloodshed. Pending a decision on the subject, hostilities have been

Sebastian Faure Sentenced.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. Panis, Oct. 12.-Sebastian Faure, the Anar chist leader, who was arrested on Aug. 20 for inciting to riot the mob which attacked and descorated St. Joseph's Church, has been condemned to two months' imprisonment. His associates, Dhorr, Ferriere, Perrin and Weil, who, with Faure, funked when they saw that blood had been shed and attempted to escape, were also convicted and sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment.

British and German Squadrons to Sall for

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. VIENNA, Oct. 12.- The London correspondent of the Politische Correspondenz says that the British and German squadrons now at Lisbon are likely to sail in company for Delagoa Bay.

Irish Leaders Sail for New York Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
LIVERPOOL. Oct. 12.-Lord Mayor Daniel Tal-

on of Dublin, his private secretary and John Redmond sailed for New York to-day on the steamship Majestic.

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Black Broadclets & Fenetian Tailor-made fails, slik-lined throughout, and beautifully tailored-\$50.00. Separate \*kirts in flue black theviot and Homespun—lined with the best black taffeta— \$18.60,

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## F. G. Schmidt

OPTICIAN, SCHMIDT BUILDING. CARNEGIE-ROCKEFELLER CONTEST.

of Lake Steamers-Rockefeller Wins. CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 12.-The contest beween Andrew Carnegie and John D Rockefeller for the control of the American Steel Barge Company's fleet, in volving \$3,000,000, was the absorbing topic of conversation in marine circles Thursday. It was a battle for the control of the stock of the company owning the great lake whalebacks, in which Rocketeller outgenerated Carnegie. For some time both have been striving to secure a controlling interest in the company and at the showdown Rockefeller came

The Steel Barge Company holds a large block Slain at Cross River.

Special Cable Despatch to THE Stre.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 12.—The ateamer Niger, which has arrived here from the west coast of Africa, reports that Lieut, Guise, the German Governor of Rio del Rey, on the Bight of Blafra, Guinea, a civilian named Lowneyer and 100 soldlers and native carriers were recently ambushed by natives at Cross River and massacred.

The Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, which Mr. Rockefeller on trols, and by securing a majority interest in the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, which Mr. Rockefeller on trols, and by securing a majority interest in the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, which Mr. Rockefeller on trols, and by securing a majority interest in the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, which Mr. Rockefeller on trols, and by securing a majority interest in the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, which Mr. Rockefeller on trols, and by securing a majority interest in the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large block of the Steel Barge Company holds a large Steel Barge closed a contract with the American Ship-building Company to-day for five steamers, the largest ever built on the lakes. They will cost \$385,000 each and will be ready for ser-vice next season. The boats will be supplied with all modern appliances. They will be 454 feet keel and 475 feet over all.

A HUNTER LOSES BOTH EYES,

His Companion Fired at a Woodcock, and the Charge Hit Him in Eyes and Chest. UTICA, Oct. 12.-Albert H.Golley of Rome had both eyes shot out while bird hunt-ing near Gienmore, this county, to-day, Golley was accompanied by W. Rayland and George Hauck, Jr., all business men in Rome. They were working through a patch of alders in line and about 75 feet apart. Mr. Hauck raised a woodcock and it flow toward Mr. Rayland; the latter raised and it new toward Mr. Hayland; the latter raised his gun, turned and fired as the bird passed him. The charge of shot struck Golley in the face, two shot going into each eye. Golley's chest was also filled with shot. Rayland is a crack shot and has this reputation throughout the State. Golley was brought to this city for treatment. One eye will be removed. The other may be saved, but vision will be destroyed. A sad feature of the accident is that Golley's wife is blind, both her eyes having been removed some time ago by Dr. Wilbut H. Booth.

MONNETT AND THE STANDARD OIL Attorney-General of Ohio Wants the Case

Taken Up for Final Disposition. COLUMBUS, Ohio,Oct. 12 .- An effort was made by Attorney-General Monnett to-day to have the Standard Oli case pending in the Supreme Court set down for final hearing, but counsel for the Standard company objected. They for the Standard company objected. They want the Attorney-General to give notice that he is through taking testimony, so that they can determine whether they want to take further depositions. Mesare, kiline and Neal, attorneys for the Standard company, charged that the depositions contained things which had not been taken as evidence and that certain evidence which had been taken is omitted. The court took no action to-day. Attorney-General Monnett is anxious to bring the case to an end before he quits the office in January next.

ALEXANDRIA CELEBRATES,

The 150 h Anniversary of the Laying Out of the Town by George Washington.

Washington, Oct. 12 .- Alexandria, the aneient Virginia port on the Potomac River, seven miles from Washington, to-day celeoverlooked in the general scheme to make the overlooked in the general scheme to make the celebration of the 150th anniversary of the laying out of the town by George Washington a credit to the Sinte and an occasion to remember. The exercises to-day comprised a big military and civic parade this afternoon and a procession at night of historical floats. Visitors were present from every part of the Stare and many from Maryland and the District of Columbia.

Latest Marine Intelligence. Arrived: Sa Manhattan, Roomer, London, Sept. 27.

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153 Fulton St. and I Park Place.